Radhika Kashyap Summer 2018

UpCyclish Art of Research

Vintage Clothes

introduction

I started the process by looking into Vintage shopping, its culture and why people do it. I was curious as to why people would pay more money for used clothes.

Vintage shopping directly contrasts the mass-produced clothing sold by brands such as Forever 21 and H&M, which is dubbed "fast fashion" in the industry. The clothing items are cheap and sold to thousands, if not millions, of consumers. At the rate they're manufactured, they'll only last a few weeks before something else becomes trendy.

Vintage shopping has its roots in upcycling clothes out of necessity. Today, upcycling clothes are more important to combat the fast-fashion. Current methods of upcycling clothes are not effective enough because they are not as convenient and there is a distrust as to whether these garments are even being reused amongst millennials.

13

IL THE CHARTER PRINT

Brief Overview

Secondary Research

History

MUSK

NOW AVAILABLE HERE

The government conservation campaign used slogans such as "Make economy fashionable lest it become obligatory" resulted in an approximate 10% reduction in the production of trash.

It became a symbol of rebellion and an expression of creativity for middle-class kids. Consumers are the main culprit and not factories.

ts BAGGYS ST-LEGS

Current

There has also been an increasing interest in **environmental sustainability** in terms of reusing, recycling and repairing rather than throwing things away. Sometimes vintage items are upcycled via changing the hemline or other features for a more contemporary look. Vintage items in poor condition are also salvaged for reuse as part of a new garment.

In developed countries, 79% of annual purchases are discarded.

Design

National Thrift Shop Day (August 17) • Macklemore and Ryan's 2013 chart-topper "Thrift Shop." • Fanny Brice's 1923 hit "Second-Hand Rose" • Marcel Duchamp's 1917 ready-made urinal • International magazine called * Vintage Lifespecifically a Women's Fashion and Lifestyle Magazine. • Netflix's "Girl Boss" based on Vintage Company Nasty Gal • "Pretty in Pink"

Goodwill Center

Key Observations:

Upcyclisł

Observational Research



Donation Area : The area is **not maintained** well. The user experience is poor - You basically **dump your clothes** in a pile of "trash".

They pass you a receipt but do not fill it out, unsatisfting.

Goodwill Center

Observational Research



Buying Area: **Congested** with items, Items with stains/dirt are not covered up.

Vintage Shop

Observational Research



Highly **Curated & Branded.** Stains/marks are celebrated. **Prices** are marked up very high. Designers do not buy from here. They keep clothes clean and neat (we can see her steaming the clothes upfront)

key insights & analysis

Goodwill

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You have to go through mounts of clothes to find ones you enjoy.

Most customers come out of necessity or goodwill but not out of preference.

Unfortunately, only about 20% - 30% of these items are actually re-sold. The rest are discarded.

Vintage shops

A **trust** is built for the buyer because of the way the clothes have been **maintained**, cleaned and branded.

Shops are better organised but still have some clutter.

Prices are marked up extremely high.

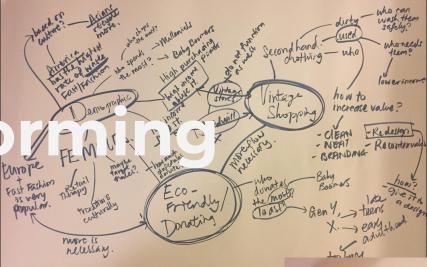
Further Brainsto

Looking into which <u>demographic</u> needs to upcycle or recycle more

Looking into different <u>platforms</u> suitable for upcycling

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Looking into <u>other</u> <u>businesses</u> that are in the industry





Why Target Young Millennials?

Brainstorming

They have the **highest purchasing power** and make up for most of fast-fashion. They love to shop. Donate, not so much.

1 in 4 say they don't recycle at all. They are Lazy.

pcyclish

Millenials are content creators and are part of participatory culture. If they could see where their donations are going to or take part in the process of the upcycling, they would have a bigger motivation to do something with their clothing.

NACS / Media / NACS Daily

Millennials Less Likely to Recycle

Survey says millennials may be less likely to recycle, but they are more likely to buy from companies that are environmentally conscious.



Less than once a month

Once a month

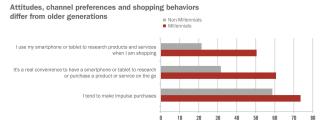
Once a week

2-3 times per month

2-4 times per week

5-6 times per week Every day

MILLENNIALS SHOP DIFFERENTLY



MILLENNIALS SHOP MORE Frequently

Forty-two percent of Millennials shop once per week, but twice as many Millennials shop more than five times a week compared to non-Millennials.

Millennials' greater shopping frequency can be explained in part by the reasons for their store visits. They tend to shop spontaneously to gather items for a recipe, satisfy a craving or buy a pre-made dish to serve. You could call it either a lack of planning or a zest for spontanelly. "I also tried my hand at an antique booth for about a year, but in the end we weren't able to sell enough to justify the rental fee.

"My poor car- so many miles driving all over town, and then some, for the sake of vintage!"

"The availability of the really good vintage stuff at thrifts and estates has changed – there's so much competition that nowadays it's common to come home empty handed from a 3 estate, 10 thrift store day."



1. Current method for sourcing material is inefficient

Synthesis

2. Physical shops cost too much, Go online

INTERVIEW WITH EXPERT

"If you can get sellers/donators to be transparent about their items thats would be great. The year they bought it.. How much its been used.. Elasticity.. Materials.. Stains.. Odor."

"One problem with buying second-hand online is that users are not transparent about what they sell"

2 Synthesis

- Transparency is lacking in other sites, that is why designers end up going to physical shops.
- Designers want to know details & source of the clothing

INTERVIEW WITH EXPERT

"By upcycling clothing, not only are you extending the item's life outside a landfill, but you're making something distinctly your own. Youngsters enjoy individuality."

"The aim is to increase the value of the clothes by modifying it"

"Once I got interested in upcycling, I started looking into how clothes can be redesigned in a safe, clean and also creative way."

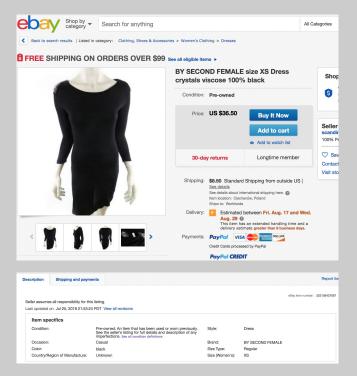
3 Synthesis

Designers are able to increase the value of the used clothes by repairing or adding embellishments.

They know how to upcycle in a clean, safe and creative way.

Ebay

Competitors and what they lack



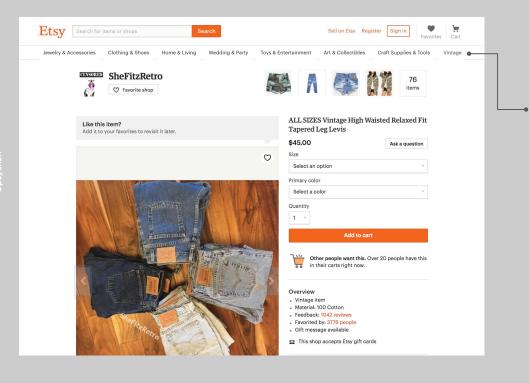
Issues

The condition of the clothes is only categorised by pre-owned or new. - not transparent enough.

They do not have a community based forum where there is open communication between designer and customer.



Competitors and why they are different



Issues

What they tag as "Vintage" is alot of the time not actually second-hand. They are made to order.

These platforms do not inform you where clothes come from.

Summary of Key Insights

What is lacking in the current market?



SSPA

Final Thesis

Young Millenials, ages 18-24, need an online platform to donate clothes and materials to designers for upcycling. The app focuses on building a community and transparency between the designer and the donator, removing and middleman for convenience.

UpCylish A new way to upcycle clothes

Sia Sia

Ecosystem

Demographic



Lazy Young Millennial 18 - 24 years



Removing the middleman

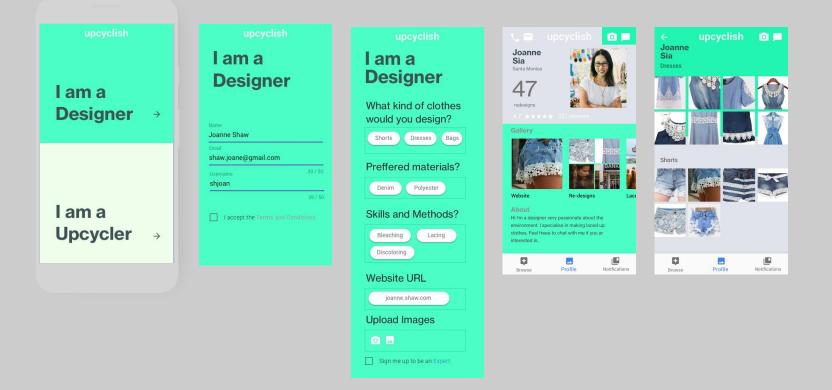


Fashion Designer Environmentally Conscious

Vintage Clothes

THE NEW USER EXPERIENCE DESIGN

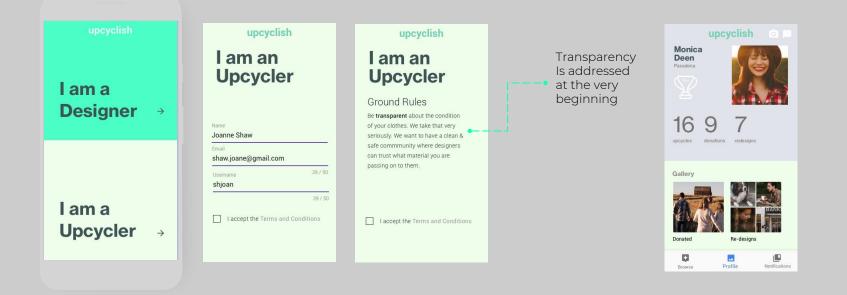
Upcyclish



THE NEW USER EXPERIENCE DESIGN

Upcycler's Perspective

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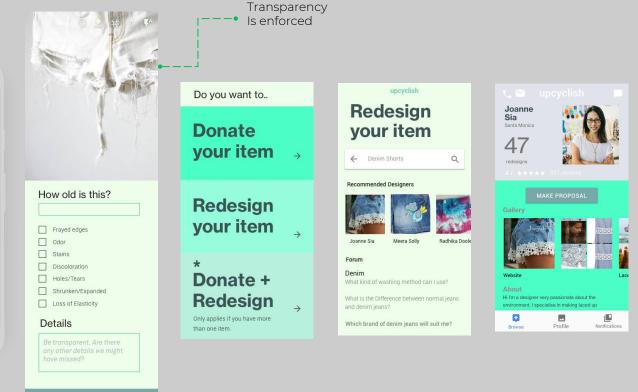


Vintage Clothes

THE NEW USER EXPERIENCE DESIGN

"Uploading" Clothes





THE NEW USER EXPERIENCE DESIGN

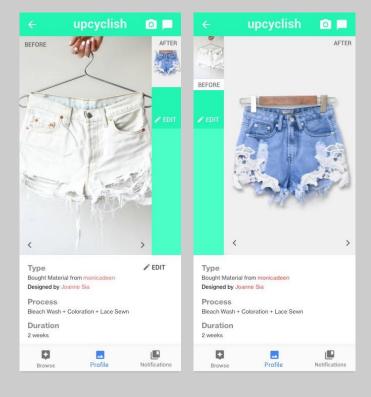
The Redesign

Upcyclish



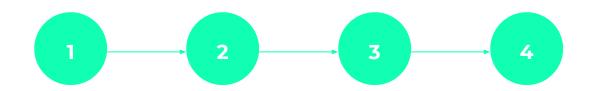
2 weeks later





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next steps



User Testing amongst Designers + Clothes Donators

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Looking into Technical Feasibility of the delivery system. Is the Business Model Sustainable? How else might UpCylish be able to make money. How can we target other demographics to upcycle this way?

Conclusion

Based on my research, there is an opportunity to get young millenials to upcycle in a new way. They are the biggest partakers of fast fashion & one of the generations who do the least amount of upcycling.
Designers working with second-hand clothes want an easier way to get their material. With UpCyclish young millennials now can easily upcycle their clothes and see their "donation" increase in value.
Designers are also able to easily access clothes online and see where the source of the clothes is coming from.

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Building a connection between the two eliminates the middleman and making things more convenient for both parties.

24

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Thank You